

MIDTERM EXAMINATION
MTH101- Calculus And Analytical Geometry

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If f is a twice differentiable function at a stationary point x_0 and $f''(x_0) > 0$ then f has relative At x_0

- ▶ Minima
- ▶ Maxima
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If f is a twice differentiable function at a stationary point x_0 and $f''(x_0) < 0$ then f has relative At x_0

- ▶ Minima
- ▶ Maxima
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

A line $x = x_0$ is called ----- for the graph of a function f if $f(x) \rightarrow +\infty$ or $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ as x approaches x_0 from the right or from the left

- ▶ Horizontal asymptotes
- ▶ None of these
- ▶ Vertical asymptotes

Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If $f(x) = 3x^8 + 2x + 1$ then $f'(x) =$ _____

- ▶ $3x^7 + 2$
- ▶ $24x^7 + 2$
- ▶ $3x^9 + 2x^2$
- ▶ $24x^9 + 2x^2$

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$y = \frac{1}{1-x} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} =$$

If _____ then

▶ 1

▶ -1

▶ $\frac{1}{(1-x)^2}$

▶ $\frac{-1}{(1-x)^2}$

Question No: 6 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\text{If } 2x - y = -3 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} =$$

If _____ then

▶ 2

▶ -2

▶ 0

▶ -3

Question No: 7 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\text{If } x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} =$$

If _____ then

▶ $\frac{x}{y}$

▶

▶ $\frac{-x}{y}$

▶

▶ $\frac{-y}{x}$

▶ $\frac{y}{x}$

▶

Question No: 8 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\frac{d}{dx}[\sec x] = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- $\frac{1}{1 + \sin^2 x}$
- $\frac{-\sin x}{1 + \sin^2 x}$
- $\frac{1}{1 - \sin^2 x}$
- $\frac{\sin x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$

Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$30^0 =$ _____

- $\frac{\pi}{3}$
- $\frac{\pi}{4}$
- $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- $\frac{\pi}{2}$

Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Suppose that f and g are differentiable functions of x then

$\frac{d}{dx}[f][g] =$

- ▶ $\frac{[f'] [g] - [f] [g']}{g^2}$
- ▶ $[f'] [g']$
- ▶ $[f'] [g] + [f] [g']$ -correct
- ▶ $[f'] [g] - [f] [g']$

Question No: 11 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Suppose that f and g are differentiable functions of x then

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{f}{g} \right] =$$

- ▶ $\frac{[g] [f'] - [f] [g']}{g^2}$
- ▶ $\frac{[g'] [f] - [f'] [g]}{g^2}$
- ▶ $\frac{[g] [f'] - [f] [g']}{f^2}$
- ▶ $\frac{[g'] [f] - [f'] [g]}{f^2}$

Question No: 12 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If a function g is differentiable at a point x and a function f is differentiable at a point $g(x)$, then the _____ is differentiable at point x .

- ▶ Composition ($f \circ g$)
- ▶ Quotient (f / g)
- ▶ Product ($f \cdot g$)
- ▶ Sum ($f + g$)

Question No: 13 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Chain rule is a rule for differentiating _____ of functions.

- ▶ Product
- ▶ Sum

- ▶ Difference
- ▶ Composition -correct

Question No: 14 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\frac{d}{dx}[x^n] = nx^{n-1}$$

The power rule, _____ holds if n is _____

- ▶ An integer
- ▶ A rational number
- ▶ An irrational number
- ▶ All of the above

Question No: 15 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Let a function f be defined on an interval, and let x_1 and x_2 denote points in that interval. If $f(x_1) < f(x_2)$ whenever $x_1 < x_2$ then which of the following statement is correct?

- ▶ f is an increasing function.
- ▶ f is a decreasing function.
- ▶ f is a constant function.

Question No: 16 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Let a function f be defined on an interval, and let x_1 and x_2 denote points in that interval. If $f(x_1) > f(x_2)$ whenever $x_1 < x_2$ then which of the following statement is correct?

- ▶ f is an increasing function.
- ▶ f is a decreasing function.
- ▶ f is a constant function.

Question No: 17 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If $f''(x) > 0$ on an open interval (a,b), then which of the following statement is correct?

- ▶ f is concave up on (a, b) -correct
- ▶ f is concave down on (a, b).
- ▶ f is linear on (a, b).

Question No: 18 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If $x > 0$ then $\frac{d}{dx}[\ln x] =$ _____

- ▶ 1
- ▶ x
- ▶ $\frac{1}{x}$
- ▶ $\ln \frac{1}{x}$

Question No: 19 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Let $y = (x^3 + 2x)^{37}$. Which of the following is correct?

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (37)(x^3 + 2x)^{36}$$

▶

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 111x^2(x^3 + 2x)^{36}$$

▶

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (111x^2 + 74)(x^3 + 2x)^{36}$$

▶

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (111x^2 + 74)(x^3 + 2x)^{38}$$

▶

Question No: 20 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

What is the base of natural logarithm?

▶ 2.71

▶ 10

▶ 5

▶ Any real number

Question No: 21 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

If we have $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ then $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ _____

- ▶ $\frac{-x}{y}$
- ▶ $\frac{x}{y}$
- ▶ $\frac{-y}{x}$
- ▶ None of these

Question No: 22 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\log_b a^r = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- ▶ $a \log_b r$
- ▶ $r \log_b a$ -correct
- ▶ $\frac{\log_b a}{\log_b r}$
- ▶ $\log_b a + \log_b r$

Question No: 23 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\log_b \frac{1}{c} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- ▶ $\log_b c$
- ▶ $1 - \log_b c$
- ▶ $-\log_b c$
- ▶ $1 + \log_b c$

Question No: 24 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

$$\log_b \frac{1}{t} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

▶ $\log_b t$

▶ $1 - \log_b t$

▶ $1 + \log_b t$



▶ $-\log_b t$ -correct

Question No: 25 (Marks: 3)

Differentiate: $y = x^{\sqrt{x}} e^{5x+6}$

Question No: 26 (Marks: 5)

Differentiate $y = (x^3 + 7x - 1)(5x + 2)$

Question No: 27 (Marks: 10)

The derivative of a continuous function is given .Find all critical points and determine whether a relative maximum, relative minimum or neither occur there

$$f'(x) = 2\sin^3 x - \sin^2 x \quad ; \quad 0 < x < 2\pi$$